

The Word Order in Western Asia Corpus

metadata for the data set

Semitic — Arabic (Jewish, Baghdad)

05 November 2022 (doc v1.0)

Overview of the data set

published 24 August 2022

texts 4

tokens 490 analyzed (1339 total)

notes XLS/TSV contain entire source text

Metadata for individual texts

Text A

source Bar-Moshe (2019: 200–201) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓) **location** Ramat-Gan, Israel (33.3128° N, 44.3615° E)

recorded 2015

text type traditional narrative speaker 01 — female, age 91 tokens 21 analyzed (54 total)

Text B

source Bar-Moshe (2019: 81–112) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓) **location** Ramat-Gan, Israel (33.3128° N, 44.3615° E)

recorded 1999

text type personal narrative speaker 02 — male, age >60 tokens 391 analyzed (1096 total)

Text C

source Bar-Moshe (2019: 188–190) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓) **location** Ramat-Gan, Israel (33.3128° N, 44.3615° E)

recorded 2015

text typetraditional narrativespeaker01 — female, age 91tokens32 analyzed (66 total)

Text D

source Bar-Moshe (2019: 140−144) (WAV ✓ PDF ✓) **location** Ramat-Gan, Israel (33.3128° N, 44.3615° E)

recorded 1999

text type personal narrative **speaker** 02 — male, age >60 **tokens** 46 analyzed (123 total)

Background to the data set

The texts in this data set are recordings of the grandmother and grandfather of the author of the book from which they were sourced for WOWA (Bar-Moshe 2019). Texts B and D were recorded in 1999, while the texts A and C were recorded between 2015 and 2016. The exact age of speakers at the moment of recording is unknown. The texts represent traditional folk stories and personal stories from the speakers' lives and experiences in Baghdad. The annotation for WOWA was undertaken by Alexandru Craevschi under supervision of Geoffrey Haig and with additional expertise from Paul Noorlander.

References

Bar-Moshe, Assaf. 2019. The Arabic dialect of the Jews of Baghdad: Phonology, morphology and text. Wiesbaden: Harrassowitz.